

## **RARE DISEASES & GENE THERAPY**



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Head Rare Diseases Therapeutic Area Unit Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited New York, NY November 14, 2019

Better Health, Brighter Future

# RARE DISEASES: AN OPPORTUNITY TO TRANSFORM TREATMENT



#### **HIGH UNMET NEED**

7,000

Distinct rare diseases<sup>1</sup>

**SCIENTIFIC AND REGULATORY ADVANCES** 

80%



Diseases are genetic in origin

350 million

Patients worldwide

**Transformative** therapies



Recombinant engineering & delivery of proteins and nucleic acids

~90%<sup>2</sup>



**100%**<sup>3</sup>



Orphan drug approvals benefited from expedited review

95%



Diseases have no FDA-approved treatment

## RARE DISEASE MARKET IS EXPECTED TO DOUBLE IN SIZE



#### GLOBAL ORPHAN DRUG¹ SALES EXCLUDING ONCOLOGY², USD BN



- Orphan drugs expected to make up ~17% of global branded Rx sales by 2024
- · Growth driven by advances in new modalities and new indications
- Orphan cell and gene therapies estimated at ~\$20 bn by 2024, up from ~\$2bn in 2018

1. Orphan drugs generally used as synonym for rare disease due to lack of uniform definition, including also non-rare, but neglected diseases lacking therapy (e.g., tropical infectious diseases); 2. EvaluatePharma (03 June 2019)

#### TAKEDA IS THE LEADER IN RARE DISEASES



#### PATIENT IMPACT



- Foundation of >30 year history of leadership in rare diseases
- Leading portfolio of rare disease therapies: 11 out of 14 global brands spanning Hematology, Metabolic, GI and **Immunology**

#### SCIENCE & INNOVATION



- Multiple opportunities for transformational therapies across therapeutic areas
- Emerging, cutting edge platforms to drive high-impact pipeline
- Investments in technologies to accelerate diagnosis



- Engagement with key stakeholders within the ecosystem e.g. patient groups, regulators
- Pioneering regulatory pathways
- **Global footprint**

2

## **OUR STRATEGY IS TO TRANSFORM AND CURE RARE DISEASES**





As the global leader in Rare Diseases, we aspire to provide transformative and curative treatments to our patients

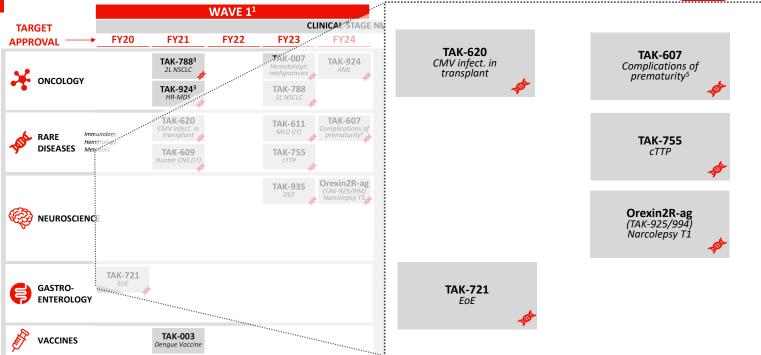
#### **Transformative**

Programs with transformative potential in devastating disorders with limited or no treatment options today

#### **Curative**

Emerging early pipeline of AAV gene therapies to redefine treatment paradigm in monogenic rare diseases

# WE ARE POSITIONED TO DELIVER NEAR-TERM & SUSTAINED GROWTH Takeda



1. Projected timing of approvals depending on data read-outs; some of these Wave 1 target approval dates assume accelerated approval; 2. Some Wave 2 assets could be accelerated into Wave 1 if they have breakthrough data; 3. Projected approval date assumes filing on Phase 2 data; 4. TAK-079 to be developed in Rare Diseases indications myasthenia gravis (MG) and immune thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) (FPI projected in each indication in 2H FY19); 5. Currently in a non-pivotal Phase 2 study; planning underway to include interim stage gates that can advance the program into a pivotal trial

Orphan potential in at least one indication

## POTENTIAL APPROVALS OF TRANSFORMATIVE THERAPIES



#### WAVE 11

Phase 3



Phase 3



Phase 3



Phase 2



Phase 2



Phase 1/2



Phase 2b

•	TAK-721
-	Eosinophilic
I	Esophagitis
(	FoF)

**TAK-620** Cytomegalovirus (CMV) infection in transplant

**TAK-755** Congenital Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (cTTP)

**TAK-611** Metachromatic Leukodystrophy (MLD)

**TAK-935** Developmental and Epileptic Encephalopathies (DEE)

Orexin Narcolepsy Type 1 (NT1)

**TAK-607** Complications of Prematurity<sup>2</sup>

		TARGET	APPROVAL			POSSIBLE WAVE 1
FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2023	FY 2024	APPROVAL <sup>2</sup>
		ADDRESSABL	E POPULATION IN	US/WW <sup>3,4</sup>		
~150k/Under evaluation	~7 - 15k/ ~25 - 45k	~500/ 2 - 6k	~350/ ~1 - 2k	~50k/ ~70 - 90k	70 - 140k/ 300k – 1.2M	~25k/ ~80 - 90k

Projected timing of approvals depending on data read-outs; some Wave 1 target approval dates assume accelerated approval

## SELECTED TRANSFORMATIVE PROGRAMS



**TAK-620** 

Potential first treatment of CMV infection in transplant patients in over 10 years. Inhibitor of protein kinase UL97.

Potential best-in-class therapy for Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (TTP). Recombinant ADAMTS13.

Potential first pharmacologic therapy in >20 years to prevent complications of prematurity. Recombinant IGF-1 growth factor.

<sup>2.</sup> Currently in a non-pivotal Phase 2 study; planning underway to include interim stage gates that can advance the program into a pivotal trial

<sup>3.</sup> Estimated number of patients projected to be eligible for treatment, in markets where the product is anticipated to be commercialized, subject to regulatory approval 4. For TAK-620 and TAK-607, the addressable population represents annual incidence

## TAK-620: POTENTIAL BEST IN CLASS TREATMENT FOR POST-TRANSPLANT CMV INFECTION



#### **BURDEN OF CMV INFECTION IN TRANSPLANT RECIPIENTS**

CMV infection is the most common post-transplant viral infection<sup>1</sup>

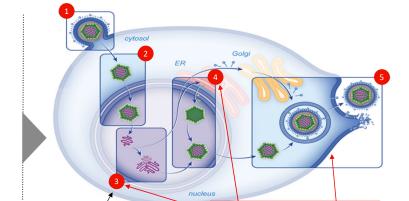
Affects >25% of transplants

CMV infection can be fatal<sup>2,3</sup>

Higher rates of graft failure: 2.3X and mortality: 2.6X

Current therapies have significant toxicities and resistance<sup>4,5,6,7</sup>

Incidence of neutropenia >20% and renal toxicity >50%



**TAK-620** 

Maturation and encapsidation

Replication

**TAK-620: NOVEL MOA TARGETING PROTEIN KINASE UL97** 

**5** Egress of viral capsids

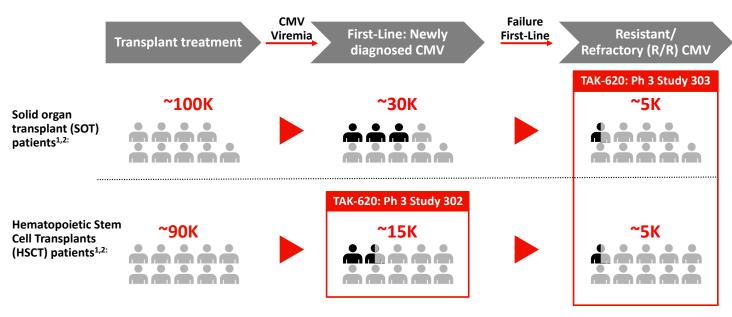
Existing therapies

Replication

1. Minerva Med. 2009 Dec; 100(6): 479-501; 2. Blood. 2016 May 19;127(20):2427-38; 3. Infect Chemother. 2013 Sep; 45(3): 260–271; 4. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2014 Jan; 58(1): 128–135; 5. Transplantation. 2016 Oct;100(10):e74-80;. 6. Clin Microbiol Infect. 2015 Dec;21(12):1121.e9-15; 7. Clin Transplant 2009: 23: 295–304

# TAK-620 ADDRESSES UNMET NEED IN BOTH FIRST-LINE AND RESISTANT / REFRACTORY SETTING





# TAK-620 DEMONSTRATED SIMILAR EFFICACY AND BETTER SAFETY VERSUS SOC IN A PHASE 2 STUDY IN FIRST-LINE PATIENTS



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Maribavir for Preemptive Treatment of Cytomegalovirus Reactivation

Johan Maertens, M.D., Catherine Cordonnier, M.D., Peter Jaksch, M.D., Xavier Poiré, M.D., Marc Uknis, M.D., Jingyang Wu, M.S., Anna Wijatyk, M.D., Faouzi Saliba, M.D., Oliver Witzke, M.D., and Stephen Villano, M.D.

# DEMONSTRATED SIMILAR ANTI-VIRAL ACTIVITY TO VALGANCICLOVIR (VGV) ACROSS ALL DOSES<sup>1</sup>

	TAK-620: Dose 400, 800 or 1200 mg BID <sup>2</sup> All Doses (N=119)	VGV (N=40)
Confirmed undetectable plasma CMV DNA within 6 weeks	79%	67%

# NEUTROPENIA WAS TREATED WITH GROWTH FACTORS MORE OFTEN IN THE VGV ARM (15%) VS. TAK-620 ARM (7%)<sup>2</sup>

	TAK-620: Dose 400, 800 or 1200 mg BID All Doses (N=119)	VGV (N=40)
Neutropenia that occurred or worsened during treatment through week 12	5%	18%

<sup>1.</sup> Confirmed undetectable CMV DNA in plasma was defined as two consecutive CMV DNA polymerase-chain-reaction assay values measure during treatment that were below the level of quantitation (i.e., <200 copies per millimeter according to the central laboratory) separated by at least 5 days. For the primary analyses of confirmed undetectable CMV DNA within 3 weeks and 6 weeks, data were missing for 3 patients: 1 each in the 400-mg TAK-620 group, the 1200-mg TAK-620 group and the valganciclovir group

# TAK-620: GRANTED BREAKTHROUGH DESIGNATION IN RESISTANT OR REFRACTORY CMV INFECTION





Efficacy in seriously ill R/R CMV in SOT and HSCT recipients with multiple risk factors predictive of poor outcomes

TAK-620 Dose: 400 mg, 800 m	ng, 1200 mg BID <sup>1</sup>
Primary efficacy endpoint	All doses (Total N = 120)
Patients with confirmed undetectable plasma CMV DNA within 6 weeks in ITT <sup>2</sup> population	80 (66.7%)





Maribavir for Refractory or Resistant Cytomegalovirus Infections in Hematopoietic-cell or Solid-organ Transplant Recipients: A Randomized, Dose-ranging, Double-blind, Phase 2 Study

Genovefa A. Papanicolaou, <sup>†</sup>Fernanda P. Silveira, <sup>†</sup>Amelia A. Langston, <sup>†</sup>Marcus R. Pereira, <sup>†</sup>Robin K. Avery, <sup>†</sup>Marc Uknis, <sup>‡</sup>Anna Wijatyk, <sup>†</sup>Jingyang Wu, <sup>†</sup>Michael Boeckh, <sup>†</sup>Francisco M. Marty, <sup>3a</sup> and Stephen Villano <sup>5a</sup>.

Historical outcomes: High (~50%) failure rates / relapse rates<sup>3,4,5</sup>



Superior renal safety profile - did not result in treatment discontinuations

Renal impairment is the primary reason for discontinuation with SOC (Foscarnet, Cidovir); nephrotoxicity is > 50%<sup>6</sup>

<sup>2.</sup> N Engl J Med 2019; 381:1136-47. Overall risk ratio (95% CI) relative to the Valganciclovir reference was 1.20 (0.95-1.51)

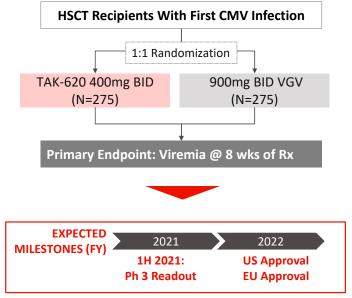
# TAK-620: TWO ONGOING PIVOTAL STUDIES; EXPECT FIRST APPROVAL IN RESISTANT OR REFRACTORY CMV IN 2021



#### **TAK-620 PHASE 3 STUDY 303**

# Resistant/Refractory CMV Patients with SOT or HSCT 2:1 Randomization TAK-620 400mg BID Investigator's choice (N=117) Primary Endpoint: Viremia @ 8 wks of Rx EXPECTED MILESTONES (FY) 2:1 Randomization Investigator's choice (N=117) 2:2 Randomization 2:1 Randomization 2:2 Randomization Investigator's choice (N=117) 2021 (N=127) 2022 (N=1202) 2021 (N=1202) 2021 (N=1202) 2022 (N=1202) 2021 (N=1202) 2022 (N=1202) 2021 (N=1202) 2022 (N=1202) 2023 (N=1202) 2024 (N=1202) 2025 (N=1202) 2026 (N=1202) 2027 (N=1202) 2028 (N=1202) 2029 (N=1202) 2020 (N=1202) 2020 (N=1202) 2020 (N=1202) 2021 (N=1202) 2021 (N=1202) 2022 (N=1202) 2023 (N=1202) 2024 (N=1202) 2025 (N=1202) 2026 (N=1202) 2027 (N=1202) 2028 (N=1202) 2029 (N=1202

#### **TAK-620 PHASE 3 STUDY 302**



12

#### SELECTED TRANSFORMATIVE PROGRAMS



TAK-620	Potential first treatment of CMV infection in transplant patients in over 10 years. Inhibitor of protein kinase UL97.
TAK-755	Potential best-in-class therapy for Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (TTP). Recombinant ADAMTS13.

# CONGENITAL AND IMMUNE TTP HAVE SUBSTANTIAL MORTALITY AND MORBIDITY BURDEN DUE TO INADEQUATE SOC



#### **CONGENITAL TTP (cTTP)**

- Sub-therapeutic dose with plasma infusions
- Patients still experience ischemic injury of brain, kidneys and heart
- Poor long-term outcomes

#### **IMMUNE TTP (iTTP)**

- ~30% relapse rate with plasma exchange (PEX)
- New market entrant reduces relapse rate, but has significant limitations<sup>3,4</sup>
  - Enhanced risk of bleeding:
     Gingival bleeding 18% vs. 1% placebo
     Epistaxis 32% vs. 3% placebo



ADDRESSABLE POPULATION (WW) <sup>1,2</sup>		
сТТР	2,000 – 6,000	
iTTP	5,000 - 18,000	

14

1. Global major markets: US, Europe, Canada, JPN, and Global Emerging Markets; 2. Haematologica September 2010 95: 1444-1447; 3. N Engl J Med 2019;380:335-46.; 4. N Engl J Med 2016; 374:511-522

## TAK-755 DIRECTLY ADDRESSES UNDERLYING CAUSE OF TTP



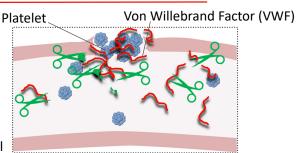
## TAK-755 REPLACES ADAMTS13, DEFICIENCY OF WHICH LEADS TO TTP

Normal clotting cascade

# ADAMTS13:

Cleaves VWF multimers that mediate platelet aggregation and clotting

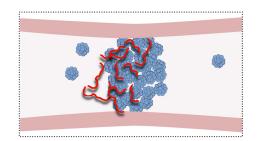
Blood vessel



TTP

#### **ADAMTS13 deficiency:**

Formation of microthrombi due to accumulation of large VWF multimers



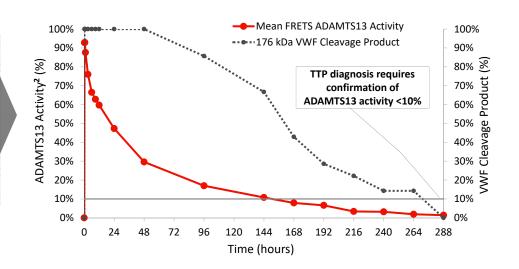
# TAK-755: POTENTIAL TRANSFORMATIVE THERAPY FOR TTP



#### TAK-755 PHASE I, OPEN-LABEL, DOSE **ESCALATION STUDY IN cTTP<sup>1</sup>**

#### **TAK-755 PK PROFILE AND PD EFFECT ON VWF CLEAVAGE AT 40 IU/KG**

- Administered as a single dose in 15 cTTP patients
- TAK-755 was well tolerated
- No anti-ADAMTS13 antibodies detected

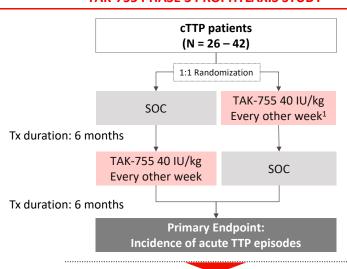


1. Blood 2017; vol. 130, number 19, 2055-63; 2. Measured using FRETS (fluorescence resonance energy transfer)

# TAK-755: ONGOING PHASE 3 CONGENITAL TTP STUDY



#### **TAK-755 PHASE 3 PROPHYLAXIS STUDY**



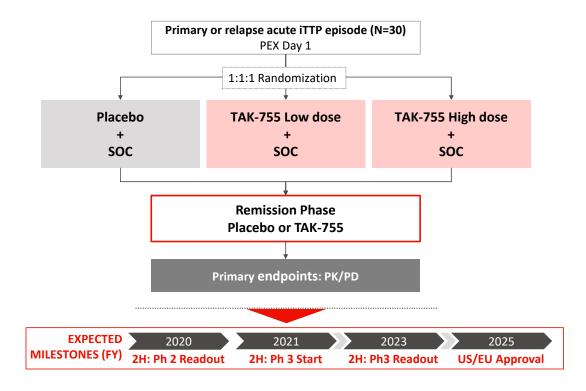
- All patients roll over to a 6 month TAK-755 extension
- Phase 3 study has a cohort of acute cTTP patients who receive TAK755. Patients are eligible to enter the prophylaxis study upon completion of acute treatment

**EXPECTED** 2019 2021 2023 2025 **MILESTONES (FY)** 1H: Ph 3 initiated 2H: Ph 3 Readout EU Approval<sup>2</sup> **US Approval** 

17

# **TAK-755: IMMUNE TTP PHASE 2 STUDY DESIGN**





18

## **SELECTED TRANSFORMATIVE PROGRAMS**



TAK-607	Potential first pharmacologic therapy in >20 years to prevent complications of prematurity. Recombinant IGF-1 growth factor.
TAK-755	Potential best-in-class therapy for Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (TTP).  Recombinant ADAMTS13.
TAK-620	Potential first treatment of CMV infection in transplant patients in over 10 years. Inhibitor of protein kinase UL97.

# EXTREMELY PREMATURE INFANTS EXPERIENCE CONSIDERABLE MORBIDITY







~80,000-90,000
Extremely preterm
babies (<28 wks
gestational age) born
WW<sup>2,3</sup>



**O Therapies** for prevention of complications of

prematurity



~40% have lung complications



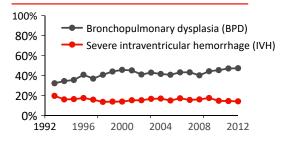
in addition to morbidities in brain,



eye that adversely impact development and learning



~\$200,000 hospitalization costs per infant <sup>4</sup>



1. Stoll B, JAMA, 2015;314(10): 1039–1051; 2. CDC; 3. UN data and published sources; 4. Mowitz M et al. Co-occurrence and Burden of Complications of Prematurity Among Extremely Preterm Infants in the US AAP 2017 Poster 76

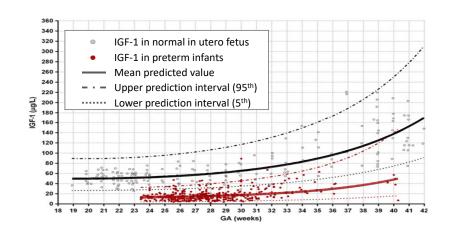
# TAK-607 REPLENISHES IGF-1, A FETAL GROWTH FACTOR THAT IS DECREASED IN PRETERM INFANTS



#### TAK-607: IGF-1 / IGFBP-3<sup>1</sup> COMPLEX

- IGF-1 is an important fetal growth factor supplied by the mother that is involved in the development of multiple organs
- IGF-1 is low or absent in premature infants born before 28 weeks<sup>2</sup>
- TAK-607 demonstrated beneficial effects in lung development and brain vasculature in preclinical models<sup>3,4</sup>

#### **IGF-1 LEVELS ARE LOW IN PRETERM INFANTS<sup>2</sup>**



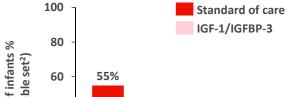
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# TAK-607: PHASE 2 STUDY INFORMED DOSE AND **ENDPOINT SELECTION**

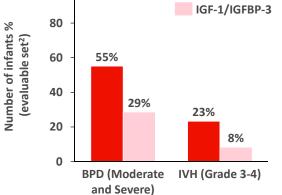


#### ROP-2008-01: RANDOMIZED, CONTROLLED PHASE 2 STUDY OF TAK-607

- Pre-term infants with a gestational age (GA) <28 weeks (N = 120)
- Assessed outcomes in ITT and "evaluable" sets (40% patients who achieved target exposure of IGF-1 levels)1
  - Primary endpoint: ROP not met
  - Pre-specified secondary endpoints: Bronchopulmonary Dysplasia (BPD) was reduced and Intra-Ventricular Hemorrhage (IVH) showed a positive trend
- · Granted FDA fast-track designation



TAK-607 IMPACTED BPD AND IVH2

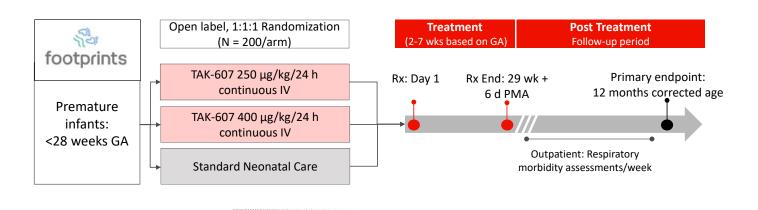


ROP – retinopathy of prematurity

# TAK-607: FOOTPRINTS STUDY DESIGNED TO DEMONSTRATE REDUCTION IN THE COMPLICATIONS OF PREMATURITY



22



Primary endpoint: Duration of supplemental oxygen use through 1 year corrected age<sup>1</sup>

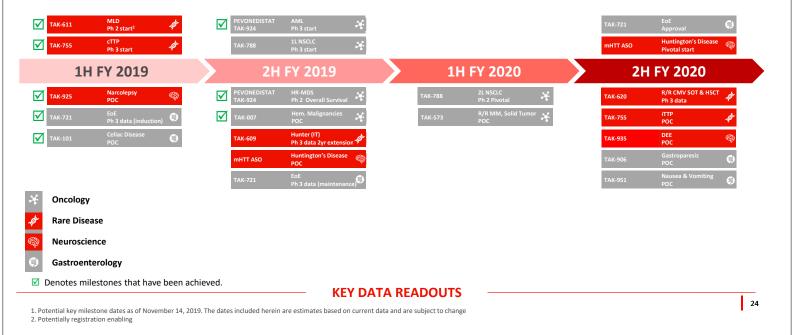
EXPECTED 2019 **>>>>** 2023 MILESTONES (FY) 1H: Ph 2b initiated 1H: Ph 2b Readout

<sup>1.</sup> Evaluable set: ≥70% IGF-1 measurements within targeted intrauterine range (28–109 μg/L) AND ≥70% intended duration of treatment 2. Ley D, J Pediatrics, 2018

# NME MILESTONES ACHIEVED IN FY19 AND LOOKING AHEAD TO OTHER POTENTIAL MILESTONES<sup>1</sup> THROUGH FY20

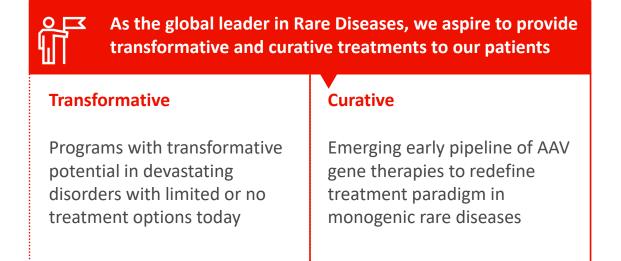


**PIVOTAL STUDY STARTS, APPROVALS** 



# WE AIM TO PROVIDE CURATIVE THERAPY





## **BUILDING A WORLD CLASS GENE THERAPY 'ENGINE'**





**TOP TIER GMP** 

GENE THERAPY AAV<sup>1</sup> PLATFORM GENE THERAPY
PIPELINE



#### **TAKEDA THERAPEUTIC AREAS**

Preclinical Development

Clinical Development

 Strong capabilities in liver expression

Emerging capabilities in
 CNS expression

3+ Research NextGen

TAK-

TAK-748 Hem B

TAK-754 Hem A



**CNS** expression

Candidates

Liver expression

**StrideBio**Research
Candidate

StrideBio Friedreich Ataxia

Hem A

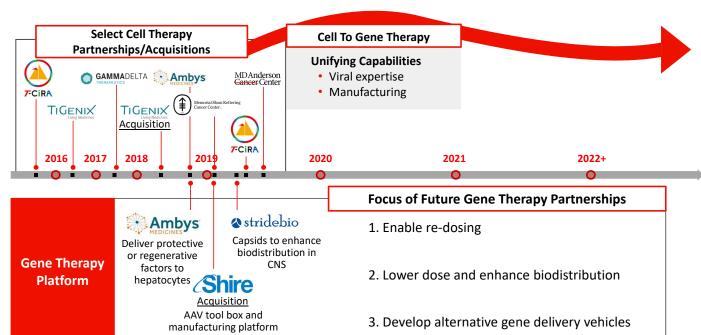
**TAK-686** Huntington's Disease

1. Adeno-Associated Virus

26

# WE WILL APPLY OUR CELL THERAPY PLAYBOOK AND UNIFYING CAPABILITIES TO BUILD A GENE THERAPY PIPELINE







1

Takeda has the capabilities, scale, and innovative platforms to extend our leadership in Rare Diseases

2

We have a leading late stage portfolio of transformative programs that will establish or re-define the standard of care for highly underserved patients 3

We are building cutting edge capabilities in gene therapy that aim to deliver 'cures' in monogenic rare diseases

28

# R&D DAY AGENDA – NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 14, 2019



TIME	AGENDA
12:30 – 12:35	Welcome and Opening Remarks Sheelagh Cawley-Knopf, Head R&D Global Portfolio Strategy
12:35 – 12:45	Takeda: A Global Values-Based, R&D-Driven Biopharmaceutical Leader Christophe Weber, President & CEO Takeda
12:45 – 13:20	Translating Science into Highly Innovative, Life-changing Medicines  Andy Plump, President R&D
13:20 – 13:45	Oncology and Cell Therapies with Spotlight on CAR-NK Chris Arendt, Head Oncology Drug Discovery Unit
13:45 – 14:05	Spotlight on Oncology Opportunities • TAK-788 : Rachael Brake, Global Program Lead • Pevonedistat : Phil Rowlands, Head Oncology Therapeutic Area Unit
14:05 – 14:20	Break
14:20 – 14:45	Rare Diseases & Gene Therapy Dan Curran, Head Rare Disease Therapeutic Area Unit
14:45 – 15:00	Spotlight on Orexin2R agonists Deborah Hartman, Global Program Lead
15:00 – 15:20	Therapeutic Area Focus in GI with Spotlight on Celiac Disease Asit Parikh, Head GI Therapeutic Area Unit
15:20 – 16:00	Panel Q&A Session
16:00	Drinks reception